

**CHAPTER 4: UTILITIES & COMMUNITY FACILITIES*****Wisconsin State Statute § 66.1001(2)(d)******Utilities and Community Facilities***

*A compilation of objectives, policies, goals, maps and programs to guide the future development of utilities and community facilities in the local governmental unit such as sanitary sewer service, storm water management, water supply, solid waste disposal, on-site wastewater treatment technologies, recycling facilities, parks, telecommunications facilities, power-generating plants and transmission lines, cemeteries, health care facilities, childcare facilities and other public facilities, such as police, fire and rescue facilities, libraries, schools and other governmental facilities. The element shall describe the location, use and capacity of existing public utilities and community facilities that serve the local governmental unit, shall include an approximate timetable that forecasts the need in the local governmental unit to expand or rehabilitate existing utilities and facilities or to create new utilities and facilities and shall assess future needs for government services in the local governmental unit that are related to such utilities and facilities.*

**INTRODUCTION**

The purpose of this section is to inventory, map and forecast future utilities and community facility needs in Sawyer County. Utilities and community facilities are the physical infrastructure that allows a community to function and grow. Community facilities may include libraries, municipal offices, schools, police stations, fire stations and parks. Many community facilities are supported by utilities including water services, sewer system, storm water drainage and electricity.

According to Wisconsin Department of Administration projections (2020-2040), It is expected that the population in Sawyer County will grow by approximately 2 percent over the next 20 years. This increase in population may increase the demand for public utilities and community facilities. However, the exact needs to expand, rehabilitate or create new utilities and community facilities are difficult to determine. To the extent possible, this chapter tries to forecast the future utility and community facility needs of the County which will vary according to growth pressure and the level of service deemed necessary.

**WATER AND SEWER SERVICES****Sanitary Sewer Service**

A sewer system is the collection of all structures, conduits and pipes by which sewage is collected, treated and disposed of. Sewer systems in Wisconsin are subject to the administrative rules of the DNR. The DNR regulates the discharge of pollutants to waters of the state through the Wisconsin Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (WPDES) program. Wastewater permits contain all the monitoring requirements, special reports and compliance schedules appropriate to the facility in question. Permits are issued for a five-year term. There are currently five WPDES permits issued in Sawyer County. All five permits are issued for municipal waste facilities. Table 4-1 details information on each system.

**Table 4-1: Sawyer County WPDES Permits**

Facility Name	Address	City	Permit Expiration
Village of Exeland	11045 W 5 <sup>th</sup> St	Exeland	3/31/2021
City of Hayward	15787 W 3 <sup>rd</sup> St	Hayward	9/30/2021
Village of Radisson	3450 N Ogden Ave	Radisson	6/30/2020
WI DOC Flambeau Correctional Center	N671 Co Rd M	Hawkins	12/31/2022
Village of Winter	6593 W Hazel St	Winter	3/31/2024

Source: WI DNR Current WPDES Wastewater Permit Holders; Listings last updated July 29, 2019

### On-Site Wastewater Treatment

On-site wastewater treatment facilities, more commonly known as "private sewage systems" or Private On-site Wastewater Treatment System (POWTS) treat domestic wastewater. Domestic wastewater is the type of sewage discharged from plumbing facilities in private dwellings or commercial domestic establishments and includes sanitary, bath, laundry, dishwashing, garbage disposal and cleaning wastewaters. Examples of commercial domestic establishments that generate domestic wastewater include restaurants, country clubs, mobile home parks, motels and hotels. These systems receive domestic wastewater and either retain it in a holding tank or treat and discharge effluent into the soil. POWTS are more commonly used in rural or large-lot areas where sanitary sewer services are not available. A majority of the POWTS in Sawyer County are at grade, mound, in-ground and holding tank, with an array of pretreatment devices. Other designs may be possible with individual site designs and sufficient justification and documentation. The Sawyer County Zoning & Sanitation Department issues sanitation permits throughout the County.

### Stormwater Management

When rain falls and snow melts, water running across construction sites, yards, parking lots, driveways, streets and roof tops picks up soil, fertilizer, petroleum products, chemicals and other pollutants and carries them into storm sewers that typically empty into lakes or rivers without treatment. Stormwater management involves providing controlled release rates of runoff to receiving systems, typically through detention and/or retention facilities. A stormwater management system can be very simple – a series of natural drainage ways – or a complex system of culverts, pipes and drains. The purpose of this system is to store and channel water to specific areas, diminishing the impact of non-point source pollution.

### Water Supply

Water is supplied to Sawyer County inhabitants through either public or private water supply systems. The DNR defines a public water system as one that provides water for human consumption through piping to at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 people daily for at least 60 days per year. There are four types of Public Water Systems in Wisconsin:

- **Municipal water system (MC)** is a water system owned by a municipality such as a city, town, village, sanitary district or owned by a county, state or federal government. There are currently 6 municipal water systems in Sawyer County.
- **Other-Than-Municipal water system (OTM)** is a water system that serves at least 25 year-round residents or serves 15 service connections used by year-round residents (greater than 6 months is considered year-round). OTMs are owned by an entity that is not a municipality. Examples of these include mobile home parks, subdivisions, apartment buildings, and condominium associations. There are currently 4 other-than-municipal water systems in Sawyer County.

- **Non-Transient, Non-Community water system (NTNC)** is a water system that serves at least 25 of the same people over 6 months of the year. Examples of these systems include schools, day cares, factories and businesses. There are currently 3 non-transient, non-community water systems in Sawyer County
- **Transient, Non-Community water system (TN)** is a water system that serves at least 25 people at least 60 days of the year but does not serve the same 25 people over 6 months of the year. Examples of these systems include motels, restaurants, parks, taverns and gas stations. There are currently 181 transient, non-community water systems in Sawyer County

The majority of properties in Sawyer County are served by private wells. Well water is groundwater and groundwater is the source of all Sawyer County drinking water. Table 4-2 lists public water systems in Sawyer County (excluding TN).

**Table 4-2: Sawyer County Public Water Systems**

Name	System	Service Type	Population Served
Exeland Waterworks	MC	Village	196
Flambeau Correctional Facility	MC	Other Non-Community	120
Hayward Water Utility	MC	City	2,340
Radisson Waterworks	MC	Village	241
Stone Lake Sanitary District	MC	Town	175
Winter Waterworks	MC	Village	344
Big Musky Resort	OTM	Campground	25
Hayward Area Memorial Hospital	OTM	Institution	85
Luedtkes Mobile Home Park	OTM	Mobile Home Park	50
S & J Wild River MHP	OTM	Mobile Home Park	90
Concor Tool & Machine, Inc.	NTNC	Industrial Area	57
Louisiana Pacific Corporation	NTNC	Industrial Area	220
Trussworks Inc.	NTNC	Commercial Establishment	50

Source: WI DNR Public Water System Data, 2020

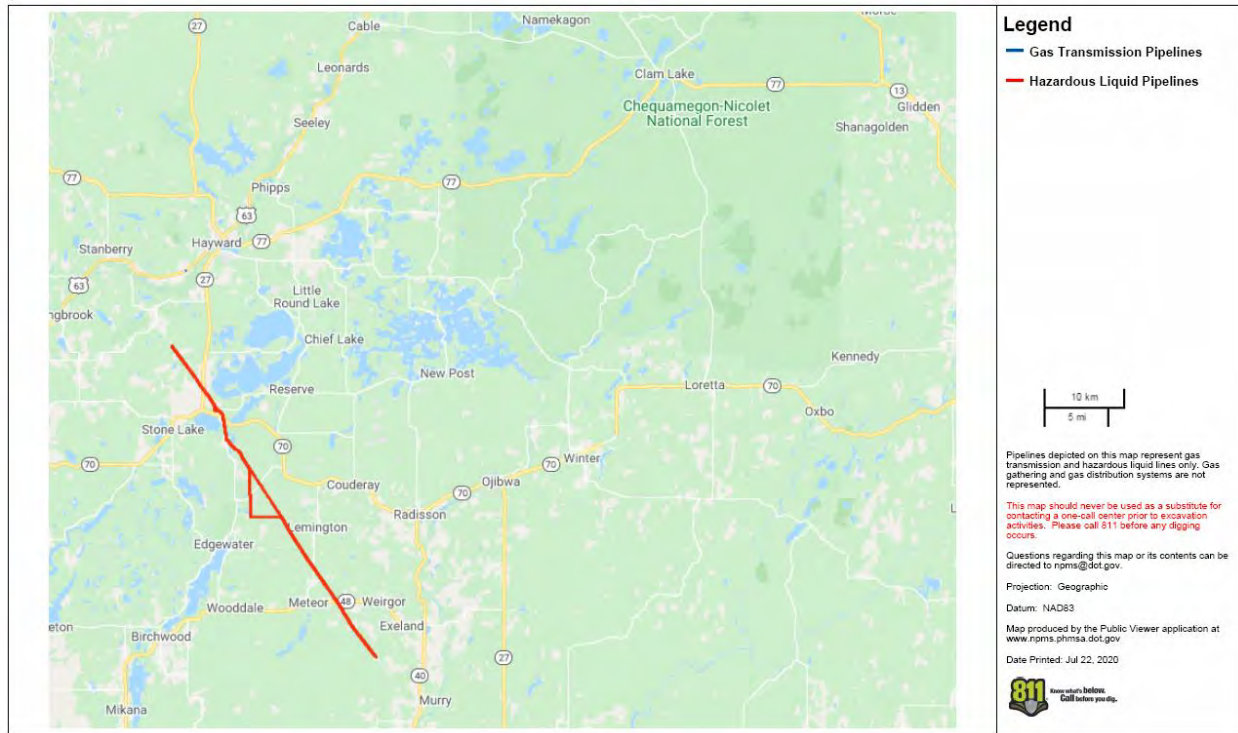
### SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT & RECYCLING SERVICES

There are no licensed solid waste landfills located within Sawyer County nor is there any Material Recovery Facilities (MRF) for recycling. According to the DNR's Solid and Hazardous Waste Information System (SHWIMS), there are 32 closed landfills within the county. These include closed municipal dumps as well as commercial and industrial sites. Solid waste disposal and recycling facilities in Sawyer County are carried out by 15 programs administered by each municipality. Some have contracts with private providers (i.e. Waste Management), while others have transfer stations (LCO Tribe) to dispose of solid waste and recyclables. Sawyer County continues to support and participate in the Northwest Cleansweep Program, which provides a collection outlet for hazardous waste in a ten county region.

### PIPELINES

Pipelines are used to transport liquefied goods and can stretch for thousands of miles. In Sawyer County, Enbridge Corporation maintains a system of pipelines used for the transportation of petroleum related products (Figure 4-1 and Map 4). The pipeline crosses several towns in the southwest corner of the county linking Edmonton, Canada to Houston, Texas.

Figure 4-1: Sawyer County Pipelines



**TELECOMMUNICATION SERVICES**

Traditionally, telephone communication involved the transmission of analog signals over a network of copper wire connecting individual telephones. Many service providers have replaced their copper wire networks with fiber optic and coaxial cables. Fiber optic technology offers improved speed, capacity, clarity of signal and security over traditional copper technology. CenturyLink, Inc., Alliance Communications, and the Chequamegon Telephone Cooperative provide local telephone service in Sawyer County. Long distance service is available through both local and national carriers.

**POWER SUPPLY**

**Electric Power Supply**

Sawyer County is served by 6 electricity providers (Map 4). These include: Barron Electric Cooperative, Bayfield Electric Cooperative, Jump River Electric Cooperative, North Central Power Co., Price Electric Cooperative and Xcel Energy. Electricity in Sawyer County is transported through a transmission line and a series of power lines aided by ten substations.

**Arrowhead - Weston 345-kV Transmission Line**

The Arrowhead Transmission Corporation (ATC) constructed the Arrowhead-Weston 220-mile transmission line connecting Duluth, MN with Wausau, WI. The line crosses 8 counties and 44 municipalities. It accommodates electric load growth in northern Wisconsin and improves reliability of the electric transmission system in the region. The line was energized in February 2008 and is now moving up to 800MW of power.



Sawyer County and municipalities on the route of the Arrowhead-Weston transmission project were paid fees associated with the construction and are paid fees for ongoing maintenance of the line (Map 4). Both a one-time environmental fee and annual impact fees are provided to towns where the transmission line is located. Sawyer County received a one-time environmental fee and in 2010, Sawyer County received \$54,725, with diminishing annual payments through 2046. The monies are to be used for park conservancy, wetlands, or other similar environmental programs.

**Wisconsin Department of Administration (DOA) payments to Sawyer County**

The mileage estimates and allocations in Table 4-3 were made by the Public Service Commission of Wisconsin (PSCW) based on the miles of the Arrowhead Weston line in Sawyer County and municipalities. ATC pays DOA the allocated amounts and DOA makes the payments to the County and municipalities. Several Clarifications should be noted:

- The law was originally interpreted to have the annual payments split between the county and municipalities in a manner similar to the one-time payment. That is not the case. The annual payments go only to the municipalities
- The fees are based on total project cost, not on-going maintenance.
- The fees are to be used for environmental related projects. However, the county or municipality may make an appeal to the PSCW for any project which is deemed to be in the “public interest”.
- Under the current law, the money does not depreciate over the life of the line assets, it is a flat payment.
- The one-time payment has already been paid to Sawyer County and the municipalities.

**Table 4-3: Sawyer County Estimated Environmental Impact Payments**

	Miles	One-Time Payment	Annual Payment
T. Bass Lake	3.07	\$131,100	\$15,700
T. Couderay	4.2	\$179,400	\$21,500
T. Edgewater	1.02	\$43,700	\$5,200
T. Meteor	5.62	\$240,000	\$28,800
T. Sand Lake	10.07	\$429,800	\$51,600
T. Weirgor	1.56	\$66,700	\$8,000
<b>Sawyer County</b>	<b>25.55</b>	<b>\$1,090,700</b>	<b>\$54,725</b>

Source: American Transmission Company June 2009

**Hydroelectric Power Plants**

Three hydroelectric plants provide power generation to area electric companies (Table 4-4). The facilities are located along area riverways.

**Table 4-4: Sawyer County Power Plants**

Utility Owner	Plant Name	MegaWatt
Flambeau Hydro, LLC	Arpin Dam	1.4
LCO, Northern States Power	Chippewa Reservoir	3.4
Flambeau Hydro, LLC	Winter	3.1

Source: WI DNR Dam Search

**Natural Gas**

Natural gas service is provided by WE Energies to the City of Hayward, Town of Hayward and the Town of Bass Lake in Sawyer County.

**SCHOOLS**

Sawyer County is served by five public school districts, two of which are located in Sawyer County (Hayward Community and Winter School Districts) (Map 5). Birchwood, Bruce, and Chequamegon School Districts also serve small portions of Sawyer County. Table 4-5 lists public and private schools located in Sawyer County. Table 4-6 identifies student enrollment (2019-20) of school districts that serve Sawyer County. Table 4-7 identifies enrollment statistics of public and private schools in Sawyer County.

**Table 4-5: Sawyer County Schools**

School Name	Address	City	Grades	Type
Hayward Center for Individualized Learning	15574 State Rd 77	Hayward	PK-12	Public
Hayward Primary School	10665 Main St	Hayward	PK-2	Public
Hayward Intermediate School	15930 St	Hayward	3-5	Public
Hayward Middle School	10408 N Greenwood Ln	Hayward	6-8	Public
Hayward High School	10320 N Greenwood Ln	Hayward	9-12	Public
Winter Elementary School	6585 W Grove St	Winter	PK-5	Public
Winter Middle School	6585 W Grove St	Winter	6-8	Public
Winter High School	6585 W Grove St	Winter	9-12	Public
Northern Lights Christian Academy	13885 W Mission Rd	Stone Lake	PK-12	Private
Northwoods Mennonite School	14547 Co Rd K	Hayward	1-12	Private
St. Francis Solanus School	13885 W Mission Rd	Stone Lake	K-8	Private
LCO Ojibwe School	8575 N Round Lake School Rd	Hayward	PK-12	Private
LCO Community College	13466 W Trepania Rd	Hayward	2 Year	Private
Northwoods Technical College-Hayward	15618 Windrose Ln	Hayward	2 Year	Public

Source: WI Department of Public Instruction

**Table 4-6: Student Enrollment by School District**

School District	School Name	Enrollment 2019-20
Hayward Community	Hayward Center for Individualized Learning (HCIL)	243
	Hayward Primary	448
	Hayward Intermediate	379
	Hayward Middle	442
	Hayward High	518
	Northern Waters Environmental School (NWES)	35
<b>Hayward Community Total</b>		<b>2,065</b>
Winter	Winter Elementary	124
	Winter Middle	58
	Winter High	69
<b>Winter Total</b>		<b>251</b>
Birchwood	Birchwood Public Montessori	21
	Birchwood Elementary	114
	Birchwood Middle	63
	Birchwood High	77
	Birchwood Blue Hills Charter School	11
<b>Birchwood Total</b>		<b>286</b>
Bruce	Bruce Elementary	201
	Bruce Middle	106
	Bruce High	138
	eSucceed Charter School	ND
<b>Bruce Total</b>		<b>445</b>
Chequamegon	Glidden Elementary	31
	Park Falls Elementary	263
	Chequamegon Middle	171
	Chequamegon High	234
	Class ACT Charter	20
	Rural Virtual Academy	ND
<b>Chequamegon Total</b>		<b>719</b>

Source: WI Department of Public Instruction WISEDash Public Portal ND = No enrollment data available

**Table 4-7: Sawyer County School Enrollment (Public & Private)**

School Name	'10-'11	'11-'12	'12-'13	'13-'14	'14-'15	'15-'16	'16-'17	'17-'18	'18-'19	'19-'20	# Change	% Change
HCIL	74	102	115	114	153	200	218	229	224	243	+169	+228.4%
Hayward Primary	390	412	438	454	440	418	383	375	397	448	+58	+14.9%
Hayward Intermediate	333	358	371	388	396	420	439	440	400	379	+46	+13.8%
Hayward Middle	388	387	354	352	368	374	374	393	429	442	+54	+13.9%
Hayward High	602	588	564	559	536	524	516	513	519	518	-84	-14.0%
NWES	ND	ND	20	20	27	38	39	39	42	35	+15	+75.0%
Winter Elementary	295	286	280	271	269	261	246	246	249	251	-44	-14.9%
Winter Middle	62	63	56	58	63	52	47	49	59	58	-4	-6.5%
Winter High	103	88	83	81	73	76	70	74	79	69	-34	-33.0%
Northern Lights	64	0	47	56	59	72	77	82	82	77	+13	+20.3%
Northwoods	18	18	20	17	21	19	20	0	24	31	+13	+72.2%
St. Francis Solanus	30	30	25	30	20	18	14	20	16	13	-17	-56.7%
LCO Ojibwe	259	244	239	227	229	272	282	271	275	300	+41	+15.8%

Source: WI Department of Public Instruction WISEDash Public Portal ND = No enrollment data available

**School District Growth & Expansion**

In 2020, the Winter School District secured a \$4 million referendum for facility upgrades. Proposed projects include civil hardscapes/softscapes, foundation repair, asbestos flooring removal and polished concrete, hot water heaters, roofing upgrades, IT backbone, exterior door system upgrades, curriculum updates, kitchen equipment, and miscellaneous projects (gym flooring, science room upgrades, restroom fixtures, air handlers in shop and heat in locker rooms, cabinetry in classrooms, ceiling replacement).

In both 2016 and 2017, voters in the Hayward Community School District rejected referendums, which would have provided funding to cover gaps in operating revenue as well as funding for building repairs and maintenance.

**Home-Based Private Education (Homeschooling)**

Home-based private education programs are defined as programs provided to a child by a child's parent or guardian or by a person designated by the parent or guardian. An institutional program provided to more than one family unit does not constitute a home-based private education program. Table 4-8 displays homeschool enrollment in Sawyer County for the 2019-20 school year.

**Table 4-8: Sawyer County Home-Based Enrollment**

Grade Levels	Enrollment 2019-20
Grades 1-8	35
Grades 9-12	22
<b>Enrollment</b>	<b>57</b>

Source: WI Department of Public Instruction

**Higher Education****Lac Courte Oreilles Ojibwa Community College (LCOOCC)**

LCOOCC is one of two tribal colleges in the state of Wisconsin (Wisconsin Tribal Colleges). LCOOCC has a main campus in Hayward and four outreach sites at Odanah, Bayfield, Hertel, and Lac du Flambeau. It is regionally accredited by the Higher Learning Commission and offers certificates and associate degree programs, adult basic or remedial instruction, and high school equivalent diplomas. Formal articulation and transfer agreements with University of Wisconsin, University of Minnesota, and other public colleges add future value to an LCOOCC degree. Annually, enrollment averages 550 students, and more than one-third of students are enrolled at the outreach sites which provide education services to four nearby tribes: St. Croix, Red Cliff, Bad River, and Lac du Flambeau. More than 70 percent of students are American Indian. The College maintains an open door policy with both traditional and non-traditional students attending. The average age of an LCOOCC student is 34. Smaller class sizes lead to more individualized attention and support; the student-to-faculty ratio is consistently ten-to-one.

**Northwood Technical College**

Northwood Technical College (formerly Wisconsin Indianhead Technical College) is a public technical college with campuses in Ashland, New Richmond, Rice Lake, and Superior, as well as Outreach Centers in Balsam Lake, Hayward, and Ladysmith. The Hayward Outreach Center has a full listing of classes for certification, re-certification, job skill enhancement and personal enrichment courses available to anyone interested. The nearest 4-year colleges are located in Superior/Duluth, Ashland, and Eau Claire.



**CHILDCARE FACILITIES**

Sawyer County is served by Northwest Connection Family Resources (NCFR), a community-based, non-profit agency committed to improving early care and education. NCFR is headquartered in Hayward and serves the communities of Ashland, Barron, Bayfield, Burnett, Douglas, Florence, Forest, Iron, Oneida, Price, Rusk, Sawyer Vilas, and Washburn Counties, as well as the Bad River, Forest County Potawatomi, Lac Courte Oreilles, Lac du Flambeau, Red Cliff, Sokaogon, and St. Croix Tribes. It provides referral services, recruitment of providers, retention of providers, community services, technical assistance, parent education and support, car seat safety, family activities and events, and resources (lending library of books, videos, cassettes, toys, and equipment). According to the Wisconsin Child Care Regulatory System, as of July 2020, there were 4 licensed family childcare centers and 5 licensed group childcare centers in Sawyer County. Licensed family childcare centers provide care for between 4 and 8 children. This care is usually in the provider's home. Licensed group childcare centers provide care for 9 or more children. These centers are usually located somewhere other than a residence and may be small or large.

**POLICE, FIRE, & EMERGENCY/RESCUE SERVICES**

**Police service** in Sawyer County is provided by the Sawyer County Sheriff's Department, City of Hayward, Town of Hayward, and the LCO Tribe. The Town of Edgewater also contracts for police protection.

The **Sawyer County Sheriff's Department**, located at 15880 East Fifth Street in Hayward, provides the majority of law enforcement services to Sawyer County, particularly within the towns and unincorporated areas. The department staff includes a Sheriff, Chief Deputy, Patrol Lieutenant, Jail Lieutenant, two Patrol Sergeants, two Investigators, 20 Deputies, eight Dispatchers, 22 jailers, other officers and secretarial staff. Emergencies are dispatched through the Sawyer County Sheriff's Department using the 9-1-1 emergency system.

The **City of Hayward Police Department** is located in Hayward City Hall, 15899 W 3<sup>rd</sup> Street in Hayward. The department consists of a Police Chief, an Assistant Police Chief, five Patrolmen and one administrative assistant. The primary service area for the police department is within the boundaries of the City of Hayward.

The **Town of Hayward Police Department** is located at 15460W STH 77 E in the Town Hall. The department consists of a full-time Police Chief and four part-time officers. The Town of Hayward Police Department has mutual aid agreements with the City of Hayward Police Department and the Sawyer County Sheriff's Department.

The **Lac Courte Oreilles Tribal Police Department**, located at 13394 Trepania Road on the Lac Courte Oreilles Band of Ojibwa Reservation, serves the tribal lands associated with the Lac Courte Oreilles Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians. The department has been in existence since February 13, 2004 and consists of a Chief of Police, Assistant Chief of Police, Field Training Officer and four Officers.

**Fire protection** in Sawyer County is provided by thirteen fire departments (Map 6). Table 4-9 lists the fire departments and the areas they serve. All fire departments are volunteer-based, and all have mutual aid agreements with surrounding departments.

**Table 4-9: Fire Departments Serving Sawyer County**

Fire Department	Areas Served
<b>Bass Lake</b>	Western ¾ of Town of Bass Lake
<b>Birchwood</b>	Town of Edgewater
<b>City of Hayward</b>	City of Hayward
<b>Couderay</b>	Village of Couderay, southern portion of Town of Couderay
<b>Loretta/Draper</b>	Town of Draper
<b>Exeland</b>	Towns of Exeland, Meteor, Weirgor, Meadowbrook & Village of Exeland
<b>LCO Tribe</b>	Parts of Towns of Bass Lake, Hayward, Hunter, Couderay, Radisson and Sand Lake
<b>Radisson</b>	Village of Radisson, western ½ of Town of Ojibwa and central and southern Town of Radisson
<b>Round Lake</b>	Town of Round Lake and northern ½ of the Town of Hunter
<b>Spider Lake</b>	Town of Spider Lake
<b>Stone Lake</b>	Western ¾ of Town of Sand Lake
<b>Town of Hayward</b>	Town of Hayward, Town of Lenroot
<b>Winter</b>	Village and Town of Winter, eastern ½ of the Town of Ojibwa

### LIBRARY FACILITIES

Sawyer County is part of the Northern Waters Library Service (NWLS), a consortium of over 30 libraries. NWLS was founded in 1964 and is one of Wisconsin's oldest public library systems. It serves Ashland, Bayfield, Burnett, Douglas, Iron, Sawyer, Vilas and Washburn counties. The mission of NWLS is to provide access to quality public library services through its member libraries. The system was organized under Chapter 43 of the Wisconsin Statutes, which also outlines the services they provide and lists the requirements for membership in a library system. Two public libraries serve Sawyer County, both of which are part of the NWLS. They are the Sherman and Ruth Weiss Community Library in the City of Hayward and the Winter Public Library located in the Village of Winter.

Lac Courte Oreilles College Community Library, located at 13466 W Trepania Rd on the Lac Courte Oreilles Reservation is a college library that is open to everyone. Library services consist of a circulation of books, videos, audio tapes, interlibrary loan, Internet access, outreach services, community programs and select depository of Wisconsin documents, microfilm records and a large collection of Native American books.

### HEALTHCARE FACILITIES

#### Hospitals

Hayward Area Memorial Hospital (HAMH), located at 11040 N State Road 77 in the City of Hayward is the primary medical facility in Sawyer County (Map 4). HAMH continues to add services to meet the medical needs of the community and visitors by providing inpatient and outpatient services, diagnostic services, surgical services, rehabilitation services and community education and support programs. The Lac Courte Oreilles Community Health and Urgent Care Center located at 13380W Trepania Road also provides health care services to residents of Sawyer County. The Community Health Center services include community health services, alcoholism counseling, outreach services, well child clinic, obstetric services, diabetes clinic, optometry, audiology, dental, radiology, pharmacy and contract health services.

**Clinic & Other Medical Services**

Essentia Health - Hayward Clinic – 11134 N State Road 77, Hayward  
Fogarty Surgical Services & Family Care Clinic – 11128 N State Road 77, Hayward  
Lac Courte Oreilles Community Health Center – 13380 W Trepania Road, Hayward  
Marshfield Clinic Hayward Center – 10212 N Greenwood Lane, Hayward  
NorthLakes Community Clinic – 11128 N State Road 77, Hayward

**Emergency Medical Service**

Sawyer County provides emergency medical services to all of Sawyer County (except the Town of Edgewater, which is provided by the Birchwood Ambulance Service) with stations located in Hayward, Ojibwa, Round Lake, and Stone Lake. Three ambulances and a medic quick response vehicle are housed at the main station located at 10676 Nyman Ave in Hayward. Two ambulances and a medic quick response vehicle are housed in Ojibwa at 4383N STH 27. One ambulance is located at fire departments in both Round Lake and Stone Lake. Sawyer County is staffed by 52 staff members which are a combination of full-time and part-time Paramedics and Emergency Medical Technicians. This emergency service is available 24 hours a day, seven days a week.

**Adult Health Care****Adult Family Homes (AFH)**

Adult family homes are places where adults who are not related to the operator reside and receive care, treatment or services that are above the level of room and board and that may include up to seven hours per week of nursing care per resident. The minimum age requirement for residing in an AFH is 18. There are two licensed AFHs in Sawyer County (Table 4-10).

**Community Based Residential Facilities (CBRF)**

Community based residential facilities are places where five or more unrelated people live together in a community setting. Services provided include room and board, supervision, support services and may include up to three hours of nursing care per week. There are five licensed CBRFs in Sawyer County (Table 4-10).

**Residential Care Apartment Complexes (RCAC)**

Residential care apartment complexes are apartment complexes where five or more adults reside. Apartments must each have a lockable entrance and exit, a kitchen, including a stove, and individual bathroom, sleeping and living areas. RCACs provide no more than 28 hours per week of supportive services, personal assistance, and nursing services. There is one RCAC in Sawyer County (Table 4-10).

**Nursing Homes**

Nursing homes are care facilities that offer a protective, therapeutic living environment for persons who need rehabilitation or who can no longer live alone. Nursing homes are licensed by the Wisconsin Department of Health. There are two licensed nursing homes in Sawyer County (Table 4-10).

**Table 4-10: Sawyer County Adult Health Care Facilities**

Facility Name	Address	Gender	Capacity
<b>Adult Family Homes</b>			
Benson Adult Family Home	8839 N Old Hwy 27 Hayward, WI	M/F	4
Rest Easy	3598 North Beagle Lane Ojibwa, WI	M/F	4
<b>Community Based Residential Facilities</b>			
Aspen Acres Assisted Living	10214 Rock Creek Road Hayward, WI	M/F	28
Care Partners Assisted Living	15497 Pinewood Drive Hayward, WI	M/F	13
Country Terrace Hayward	10260 White Birch Lane, Hayward, WI	M/F	16
Queen of Angels Convent	11428 West State Road 27/70 Radisson, WI	M/F	12
Transitions	16208 Woodridge Lane Hayward, WI	M/F	8
<b>Residential Care Apartment Complexes</b>			
Water's Edge	11040 North State Road 77 Hayward, WI	M/F	40
<b>Nursing Homes</b>			
Hayward Health Services	10775 Nyman Avenue Hayward, WI	M/F	59 beds
Water's Edge	11040 North State Road 77 Hayward, WI	M/F	50 beds

Source: Wisconsin Department of Health & Family Services

## PARKS & RECREATION FACILITIES

Sawyer County offers an abundance of all-season recreational opportunities (Map 3). Because tourism and recreation constitute the state's fastest growing industry, Sawyer County must carefully plan for future growth and development on all recreational fronts. For more detailed information on recreational resources, refer to "A Plan for Outdoor Recreation". This plan was amended in 2013 and serves as a guide for the development of parks and outdoor recreation facilities in Sawyer County and its municipalities. The following resources were identified within the plan:

### Existing Recreation Resources

- Boating
- Cross-Country Skiing
- Snowshoeing
- Fishery Resources
- Canoeing/Kayaking/Paddle Sports
- Bicycling-Mountain Biking
- Camping
- Swimming & Picnic Areas
- Golf Courses
- Hunting
- Snowmobiling
- ATV/UTV Trails
- Bicycling-Touring
- Nature Study and Interpretive Trails
- Historical Sites

### Unique Resources

- American Birkebeiner Trail, Classic Trail, and Trail Heads
- Motorized Trails
- CAMBA Trail System
- Chippewa Flowage
- Chequamegon National Forest
- Flambeau River State Forest
- Namekagon River-St. Croix National Scenic Riverway

**County Recreational Facilities**

- American Birkebeiner Trail
- Hatchery Creek Park
- Mosquito Brook Trailhead
- Boedecker Road Trailhead
- Birkie Ridge Trailhead
- CTH OO Trail Center
- Seeley Fire Tower
- Eagle's Landing Park
- Nelson Lake Wayside
- Sawyer County Fairgrounds
- 9 Public Boat Landings

**Township Recreational Facilities**

- Durphee Boat Landing (Bass Lake)
- Grindstone Scenic Overlook (Bass Lake)
- Grindstone Shallows Park (Bass Lake)
- Harvey Park (Bass Lake)
- Henks Park Landing (Bass Lake)
- Little LCO Boat Landing (Bass Lake)
- Spring Lake Boat Ramp (Bass Lake)
- Windigo Boat Landing (Bass Lake)
- Town Hall Park (Bass Lake)
- Loretta/Draper Municipal Park (Draper)
- Boat/Canoe Access to Lake Loretta (Draper)
- Tent/RV Campground (Draper)
- County Hill Recreational Forest (Hayward)
- Etycheson Park (Lenroot)
- Silverthorn Lake Park (Lenroot)
- Town Park (Meteor)
- Ojibwa Park (Ojibwa)
- Baird Community Park (Ojibwa)
- Ojibwa Park-Canoe Access (Ojibwa)
- Round Lake Town Hall/Community Building (Round lake)
- Stone Lake Lions Park (Sand Lake)
- Stone Lake Elementary School (Sand Lake)
- Archery Range-Lagoon Road (Winter)
- Lake Winter Boat Landing-Tower Road (Winter)

**Village Recreational Facilities**

- Ed Anderson Recreation Area (Couderay)
- Radisson Recreational Park (Radisson)
- Radisson Ball Park (Radisson)
- Village Firehall Park (Radisson)
- Former Radisson Elementary School (Radisson)
- Dr. H.A. Smith Park and V.F.W. (Winter)
- CM Olson Athletic Field (Winter)
- Friends of Tuscobia-Winter Depot Trailhead (Winter)
- Swan Creek Park (Exeland)
- Exeland Sports Center (Exeland)

**City of Hayward Recreational Facilities**

- Hayward Primary School
- Hayward Intermediate School
- Hayward Middle School
- Hayward Senior High School
- Erik and Randy Lawry Skate Park
- Hayward Sports Center
- Dog Park (formerly Nyman Park)
- Smith Creek
- Upper Shues Pond
- Pedestrian/Bike Trail
- Jaycess Tot Lot
- City Beach
- Shues Pond
- Library Nature Park

**CEMETERIES**

There a total of 17 documented cemeteries in Sawyer County. Refer to Table 4-11 for more information on cemeteries in Sawyer County. Please note that this is not a complete list as some human burial locations are kept confidential and/or are yet to be identified.

**Table 4-11: Sawyer County Cemeteries**

Municipality	Cemetery Name	Location	Section #
<b>T. Bass Lake</b>	St. Francis Solanus Mission	Co. E at Mission Rd., east of Little Lac Courte Oreilles Lake	5SE
	Mennonite Cemetery	Located next to Mennonite Church CTH K-Northwoods Beach	31
<b>T. Couderay</b>	name unknown	South of Hwy. 27-70, Couderay	12SW
<b>T. Draper</b>	name unknown	Cemetery Rd., north of Hwy. 70, between Loretta & Draper	3SW
<b>T. Edgewater (no known cemeteries)</b>			
<b>T. Hayward</b>	Round Lake	Frogg Rd	2CE
	name unknown	North of Round Lake Cemetery	2CE
	Indian	Dead end street south of Co. B, within the City of Hayward	27NE
	Greenwood	County Hill Rd., far west side of Hayward	28NW
<b>T. Hunter</b>	name unknown	Co. CC, New Post	1SW
<b>T. Lenroot</b>	Trinity	Phipps Fire Ln. at Mosquito Brook Road., Phipps	6SE
	Riverside	Hwy. 63 Seeley	15NE
<b>T. Meadowbrook (no known cemeteries)</b>			
<b>T. Meteor (no know cemeteries)</b>			
<b>T. Ojibwa (no known cemeteries)</b>			
<b>T. Radisson</b>	Radisson	Hwy. 40 at Cemetery Rd.	22SW
<b>T. Round Lake</b>	Spider Lake	Lower Twin Lake Rd., just south of Hwy. 77	4WC
<b>T. Sand Lake</b>	Whitefish	Co. E, south of Lac Courte Oreilles	7E
	Evergreen	Twp. Rd.35, just east of Co. BB, along RR tracks	30W
<b>T. Spider Lake (no known cemeteries)</b>			
<b>T. Weirgor</b>	Bellile	Township Line Rd. at Senesac Rd.	2
	Mennonite	Blomberg Rd. at Stankowski Rd.	14
	Exeland	Hwy. 48, west of Hwy. 40	27
<b>T. Winter</b>	Winter	Cemetery Rd., north of Hwy. 70, Winter	29NWC
	St. Peters	Cemetery Rd., north of Hwy. 70, Winter	29NWC

**LOCAL PUBLIC BUILDINGS**

Sawyer County and each community within Sawyer County have local public buildings used for local government, public gatherings, maintenance needs and other services (Table 4-12). There are 16 municipal halls and garages located within the county. Each community has different levels of staffing and different ways of handling day-to-day local government operations and service provision. Below is a list of primary local public buildings found within each community in Sawyer County.

**Table 4-12: Sawyer County Local Public Buildings**

Town/Village/City Hall	Location	Meeting Schedule
<b>Sawyer County</b>	10610 Main Street	3rd Thursday at 6:30 pm
<b>City of Hayward</b>	15889W 3 <sup>rd</sup> Street	2nd Monday at 6:00 pm
<b>Village of Couderay</b>	4477N Hoffer Road	2nd Wednesday at 5:30 pm
<b>Village of Exeland</b>	11042W STH 48	2nd Monday at 7:00 pm
<b>Village of Radisson</b>	10598 W Railroad Street	2nd Monday at 5:00 pm
<b>Village of Winter</b>	6593 Hazel Avenue	2nd Thursday at 7:00 pm
<b>Town of Bass Lake</b>	14412W CTH K	2nd Thursday at 7:00 pm
<b>Town of Couderay</b>	4452N Hoffer Road	2nd Wednesday at 7:00 pm
<b>Town of Draper</b>	6994N Main	2nd Monday at 6:00 pm
<b>Town of Edgewater</b>	1470N Woodale Road	2nd Tuesday at 7:00 pm
<b>Town of Hayward</b>	15460 STH 77 East	2nd Tuesday at 7:00 pm
<b>Town of Hunter</b>	9316N CTH CC	2nd Wednesday at 5:00 pm
<b>Town of Lenroot</b>	12215N HWY 63	2nd Monday at 6:30 pm
<b>Town of Meadowbrook</b>	9436W CTH D	Last Wednesday at 7:00 pm
<b>Town of Meteor</b>	1440N CTH C	2nd Monday at 7:00 pm
<b>Town of Ojibwa</b>	4411N STH 27	2nd Monday at 7:00 pm
<b>Town of Radisson</b>	3751N CTH H	2nd Monday at 5:00 pm
<b>Town of Round Lake</b>	10625N CTH A	2nd Thursday at 6:30 pm
<b>Town of Sand Lake</b>	6058N Stone Lake Road	2nd Monday at 7:30 pm
<b>Town of Spider Lake</b>	10896W Town Hall Road	2nd Wednesday at 7:00 pm
<b>Town of Weirgor</b>	11039W Third Street	2nd Tuesday at 7:30 pm
<b>Town of Winter</b>	N4680 CTH W	2nd Wednesday at 4:30 pm

**FUTURE UTILITIES & COMMUNITY NEEDS**

Sawyer County government is generally not responsible for most public utilities and community facilities needs/development. Instead, the majority of utility and community facilities are the responsibility of town, village and city governments. Locally developed and adopted comprehensive plans form the basis for future needs throughout Sawyer County.

Over the 20-year horizon, special emphasis should be focused on development of facilities utilizing cooperative and collaborative efforts. Changing economic conditions warrant the examination of effective cooperative and collaborative efforts to maximize local, county and regional developments.